FOR PARENTS

A SPECIAL COVID MESSAGE

When your child is ill or injured it is very difficult to decide if/when to call your child's GP, NHS 111 or go the Accident and Emergency Department (A&E). During the current situation and while the government is asking everyone to stay at home, it can be confusing to know what to do. Here is some guidance:



FOR ADVICE ON COVID-19 AND CHILDHOOD ILLNESSES/INJURIES VISIT WWW.NHS.UK

Designed by primary and secondary care clinicians from Barts Health & North-East London STP

YOU SHOULD GO TO A&E AND/OR CALL 999 IMMEDIATELY IF

APPEARANCE

- ▶ Pale/mottled/ashen/blue colour
- ► Collapsed/unresponsive/loss of consciousness
- ▶ No obvious pulse or heartbeat
- ► Severe allergic reaction

BEHAVIOUR

- ► Extreme irritability/pain/sleepiness (can be woken but falls asleep immediately)
- ► Seizure/jerking movements/fit

BREATHING

- ► Sucking in and out between ribs
- ► Flaring nostrils
- ► Extremely fast breathing
- ▶ Noisy breathing

OTHER

► Bleeding from an injury, that doesn't stop after 10 minutes of pressure

YOU SHOULD GO TO A&E IF

APPEARANCE

- ► Dizziness/feeling faint
- ▶ Rash that does not fade when you press it

BEHAVIOUR

► Severe constant tummy pain

OTHER

- ▶ Burn
- ▶ Possible broken bone

OTHER

- Swallowed foreign objects (especially magnets/batteries)
- ► Temperature higher than 38°C in a baby younger than three months old
- ➤ Your child has special health care needs and you have a plan that tells you to go to A&E
- ► Feels abnormally cold to touch
- ► Expressing suicidal/significant selfharm thoughts

YOU SHOULD CALL YOUR GP IF

APPEARANCE

- ► Mild/mod allergic reaction (known or suspected)
- ▶ New rash that fades when you press on it

BEHAVIOUR

- ▶ Mild irritability/sleepier than normal
- ▶ Severe tummy pain that comes and goes
- ▶ Vomiting and diarrhoea
- ▶ Not passed urine for more than 12 hours

BREATHING

► Wheezing/fast breathing

OTHER

- ► Temperature >39°C (age 3-12 months)
- ▶ Temperature over 38°C for more than 7 days
- ► Accidental overdose of medication or other substances
- ► Ear pain for more than 2 days
- ▶ Emotional distress, that can't be reassured

YOU SHOULD CHECK WITH 111 OR YOUR COMMUNITY PHARMACIST IF

APPEARANCE

► Pink eyes/red eyes

BEHAVIOUR

- ► Ear pain for less than 2 days
- ▶ Mild tummy pain that comes and goes

BREATHING

- ▶ Cough
- ▶ Runny nose

OTHER

▶ Temperature over 38°C for less than 7 days